

PERINATAL HEPATITIS B PREVENTION

PRENATAL PROVIDER / OBGYN

- Test all pregnant women at first prenatal visit of EACH pregnancy, even if tested before or had hepatitis B vaccine series.
- Send copy of lab reports with the HBsAg results to the planned delivery hospital.
- Report to local health department (LHD) all HBsAg-positive pregnant women within one week of identification.
- Refer all HBsAg-positive pregnant women for medical management.

**Texas Health and Safety Code Chapter 81,
Section 81.090**

**Texas Administrative Code Title 25,
Chapter 97, Subchapter A,
Rule § 97.2 - § 97.3**

Further details on reverse side.

Texas Health and Safety Code Title 2, Chapter 81

Authorizes LHDs to conduct disease investigations and gather all pertinent medical information.

Chapter 81, Section 81.090

According to Texas law, providers must screen pregnant women for hepatitis B infection at the first prenatal examination (regardless of trimester) and upon delivery, or as soon as feasibly possible thereafter.

Texas Administrative Code Title 25, Chapter 97, Subchapter A, Rule §97.2 - §97.3

Under Texas law, both acute and chronic manifestations of hepatitis B in a pregnant woman must be reported to the Texas Department of State Health Services (DSHS).

Reporting Website:

ithhs.my.site.com/DSHSPeriHepBPreventionPortal/s/

512-776-6035

TexasPerinatalHepB.org



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